

Plumber Level 1

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

TERM	MEANING
°C	degree Celsius
ABV	automatic bypass valve
dBA	A-weighted decibels
DWV	drain, waste, and vent
ID	inside diameter
OD	outside diameter
OS&Y	outside screw and yoke
PEX	cross-linked polyethylene
psia	pounds per square inch area
psig	pounds per square inch gauged
PVC	polyvinylchloride
RPM	revolutions per minute
UV	ultraviolet

NOTE

Do **not** bring this document to your exam.
These acronyms and abbreviations will be included in the exam reference materials.

FORMULAS

MEASUREMENT UNIT ABBREVIATIONS

°C	degree Celsius
°F	degree Fahrenheit
ΔT	temperature difference
BTU	British thermal unit
Btuh	British thermal units per hour
ft.	foot
gpg	grains per gallon
gpm	gallons per minute
in.	inch
kg	kilogram
kN	kilonewton
kPa	kilopascal
L	litre
lb.	pound
m	metre
mm	millimetre
ppm	parts per million
psi	pounds per square inch
s	second
U.S. gal.	American gallon

CONSTANTS

π	3.1416
1 ft ² of equivalent direct radiation (EDR)	240 Btuh
1 US gal	8.33 lb.
12,000 BTU of cooling	1 ton
Pressure head conversion unit	0.433 psi/ft.
Travel offset of a 45° elbow	1.414
Latent heat of fusion	144 BTU/lb.
Latent heat of vaporization	970 BTU/lb.

COEFFICIENTS

Material	Coefficient of linear expansion per 1°F	Coefficient of linear expansion per 1°C
ABS	0.0000550	0.0000990
Brass	0.0000105	0.0000189
Cast iron	0.0000059	0.0000108
Copper	0.0000095	0.0000171
PVC	0.0000330	0.0000594
Steel (mild)	0.0000067	0.0000120

CONVERSION FACTORS

To convert	To	Multiply By
°C	°F	1.8 and add 32
gpg	ppm	17.12
kg	lb.	2.205
kg/m ³	lb./ft ³	0.06243
kN	lb.	224.81
kN/m	lbf/ft	68.52
kN/m ³	lbf/ft ³	6.360
kPa	lbf/ft ²	20.88
kPa	lbf/in ²	0.1450
L	gal. imp	0.2200
L/s	gpm	13.20
m	ft.	3.281
m ²	ft ²	10.76
mm	in.	0.03937
m/s ²	ft./s ²	3.281

GENERAL FORMULAS

Description	Full	Abbreviated
Boyle's law	$volume_1 \times pressure_1 = volume_2 \times pressure_2$	$V_1 P_1 = V_2 P_2$
Charles' law	$\frac{volume_1}{temperature_1} = \frac{volume_2}{temperature_2}$	$\frac{V_1}{T_1} = \frac{V_2}{T_2}$
Expansion	$length \times temperature\ difference \times coefficient\ of\ expansion$	$L \times \Delta T \times \alpha$
Force	$pressure \times area$	$P \times A$
gpm	$\frac{Btuh}{pounds\ per\ gallon \times temperature\ difference \times 60}$	$\frac{Btuh}{lb./gal. \times \Delta T \times 60}$
gpm	$\frac{total\ Btuh}{temp\ diff. \times mass \times specific\ heat\ capacity \times 60}$	$\frac{total\ Btuh}{\Delta T \times M \times spec.\ heat\ cap. \times 60}$
Grade	$\frac{drop\ or\ rise}{run}$	
Grains	$(number\ of\ persons \times gallons\ per\ day)$ $\times (hardness\ in\ grains + iron\ concentration)$ $\times days\ of\ regeneration$	
Grains removal rate	$water\ usage \times grains\ per\ gallon \times regeneration\ value$	
Litres	$area \times rainfall\ intensity$	$area \times rainfall\ intensity$
Watt's law	$power = voltage \times current$	$power = V \times I$
Pressure	$height \times density$	$H \times dens.$

HYDRONIC THERMAL FORMULAS

Description	Full	Abbreviated
Temperature difference	$\frac{Btuh}{500 \times gallons\ per\ minute}$	$\frac{Btuh}{500 \times gpm}$
gpm	$\frac{Btuh}{500 \times temperature\ difference\ of\ water}$	$\frac{Btuh}{500 \times \Delta T\ (water)}$
Btuh	$gallons\ per\ minute \times 500 \times temperature\ difference$	$gpm \times 500 \times \Delta T$

AREA FORMULAS

Circle	$\pi \times \text{radius}^2$ or $\text{diameter}^2 \times 0.7854$	πr^2
Cylinder (open top)	$(\pi \times \text{radius}^2) + (\pi \times \text{diameter} \times \text{height})$ or $(\text{diameter}^2 \times 0.7854) + (\pi \times \text{diameter} \times \text{height})$	$\pi r^2 + \pi DH$ or $D^2 \times 0.7854 + \pi DH$
Cylinder (totally enclosed)	$(2 \times \pi \times \text{radius}^2) + (\pi \times \text{diameter} \times \text{height})$ or $(2 \times \text{diameter}^2 \times 0.7854) + (\pi \times \text{diameter} \times \text{height})$	$2\pi r^2 + \pi DH$ or $2D^2 \times 0.7854 + \pi DH$
Rectangle	$\text{length} \times \text{width}$	$L \times W$
Rectangle box (open top)	$(\text{length} \times \text{width}) + 2(\text{width} \times \text{height}) + 2(\text{length} \times \text{height})$	$(L \times W) + 2(W \times H) + 2(L \times H)$
Rectangle box (totally enclosed)	$2(\text{length} \times \text{width}) + 2(\text{width} \times \text{height}) + 2(\text{length} \times \text{height})$	$2(L \times W) + 2(W \times H) + 2(L \times H)$
Sphere	$4 \times \pi \times \text{radius}^2$ or $4 \times \text{diameter}^2 \times 0.7854$	$4\pi r^2$ or $4D^2 \times 0.7854$
Triangle	$\frac{\text{base} \times \text{height}}{2}$	$\frac{B \times H}{2}$

CIRCUMFERENCE AND PERIMETER FORMULAS

Circle	$\pi \times \text{diameter}$	πD
Rectangle	$2(\text{length} + \text{width})$	$2(L + W)$
Triangle	$\text{side } a + \text{side } b + \text{side } c$	$a + b + c$

VOLUME FORMULAS

Cylinder	$\pi \times \text{radius}^2 \times \text{height}$	$\pi r^2 H$
Rectangle box	$\text{length} \times \text{width} \times \text{height}$	$L \times W \times H$
Sphere	$\frac{4 \times \pi \times \text{radius}^3}{3}$	$\frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$

DENSITY FORMULAS

Density	$\frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$	$D = \frac{m}{v}$
Relative Density	$\frac{\text{Density of substance}}{\text{Density of water}}$	

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